

Duct sensor Humidity / Temperature

For measuring the relative or absolute humidity and temperature in duct applications. Instead of the humidity signal, the enthalpy or the dewpoint can be selected as an output signal. With BACnet MS/TP communication and integrated 0...10 V outputs. Nema 4X / IP65 rated enclosure.

Technical data sheet





22DTH-16M



Tv	pe	O١	/er	۷i	e	W	
٠,	7	٠.	С.	ч	•	4	

Туре	Communication	Output signal active temperature	Output signal active humidi	
22DTH-16M	BACnet MS/TP	05 V, 010 V	05 V, 010 V	

Technical Data

			1	
н	ectri	cai	na	TA.

Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V
Nominal voltage range	AC 1929 V / DC 1535 V
Power consumption AC	1.8 VA
Power consumption DC	0.7 W
Electrical connection	Pluggable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm ²
Cable entry	Cable gland with strain relief 2 x Ø6 mm

Functional data

Sensor Technology	Polymer capacitive sensor with stainless steel wire mesh filter
Communicative control	BACnet MS/TP
Voltage output	$2x$, min. load 10 k Ω
Output signal active note	Output 05/10 V with Jumper adjustable
Application	Air

Measuring data

Application	Air
Measuring values	Relative humidity Absolute humidity Dew point Enthalpies Temperature
Measuring range humidity	Adjustable via BACnet Default setting: 0100% r.H.
Measuring range temperature	Adjustable via BACnet Default setting: -2080°C [-5175°F] Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safety data)
Measuring range absolute humidity	Adjustable via BACnet Default setting: 080 g/m³
Measuring range enthalpy	Adjustable via BACnet Default setting: 085 kJ/kg
Measuring range dew point	Adjustable via BACnet Default setting: -2080°C [-5175°F]
Accuracy humidity	Typical ±2% between 1090% RH @ 21°C
Accuracy temperature active	±0.5°C @ 21°C [±0.9°F @ 70°F]
Long-term stability	±0.3% RH p.a. @ 21°C @ 50% RH ±0.05°C p.a. @ 21°C [±0.09°F p.a. @ 70°F]
Time constant τ (63%) in air duct	Relative humidity: typical 10 s @ 3 m/s

Temperature: typical 125 s @ 3 m/s



Technical data sheet	22DTH-16M
reciiiicai data siieet	ZZUIN-IOWII

DA6 black

Materials

Cahla aland

Cable gland	rao, black
Housing	Cover: Lexan, orange
	Bottom: Lexan, orange
	Seal: 0467 NBR70, black
	UV resistant

Safety data

Ambient humidity	Max. 95% r.H., non-condensing
Fluid humidity	Short-term condensation permitted
Ambient temperature	-3550°C [-30120°F]
Fluid temperature	-4080°C [-40175°F]
Operating condition air flow	max. 12 m/s
Protection class IEC/EN	III Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)
Protection class UL	UL Class 2 Supply
EU Conformity	CE Marking
Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1
Certification UL	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9/-2-13, CAN/CSA E60730-1:02/-2-9
Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65
Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X
Quality Standard	ISO 9001

Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General remarks concerning sensors

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (±0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage (±0.2 V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle by the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable

Technical data sheet

22DTH-16M

Application notice for humidity sensors

Sco

Refrain from touching the sensitive humidity sensor element. Touching the sensitive surface will void quarantee.

When exposed to harsh environmental conditions such as high ambient temperature and/or high levels of humidity, or presence of aggressive gases (i.e. chlorine, ozone, ammonia), the sensor element may be affected and readings may be outside the specified accuracy. Replacement of deteriorated humidity sensors due to harsh environmental conditions is not covered by the general guarantee.

The sensor shows best performance when operated within recommended normal temperature range of 5...60°C and humidity range of 20...80% r.H. Long-term exposure to conditions outside normal range, especially at high humidity, may temporarily offset the humidity signal (e.g. +3% r.H. after 60h kept at >80% r.H.). After returning into the normal temperature and humidity range the sensor will slowly come back to calibration state by itself.

Scope of delivery

cope of delivery	Description	Туре	
	Mounting flange for duct sensor 19.5 mm, up to max. 120°C [248°F], Plastic	A-22D-A35	
	Cable Gland with strain relief Ø68 mm		

Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Туре
	Replacement filter, wire mesh, Stainless steel	A-22D-A06
	Mounting plate L housing	A-22D-A10
	Connection adapter, M20x1.5, for cable 1x6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A01.1
	Connection adapter, M20, for cable 2 x 6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A02.1

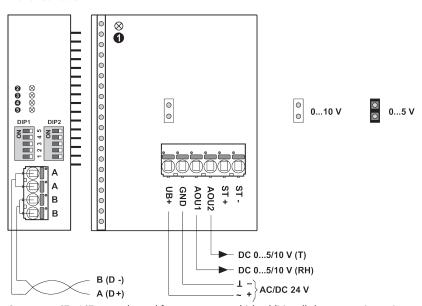
Wiring diagram

Notes Supply from isolating transformer.



The wiring of the line for BACnet (MS/TP) has to be carried out in accordance with applicable RS485 regulations.

BACnet GND: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.



① and ⑤: Status LED ② red: Error ③ yellow: Tx

4 yellow: Rx

Connectors ST+ / ST- are only used for sensor types which additionally have a passive resistance sensor element for temperature measurement.

The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers.

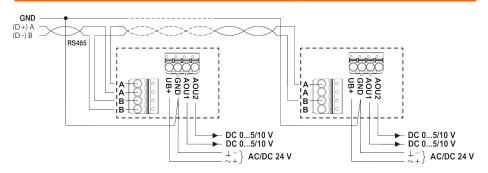
The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Detailed documentation

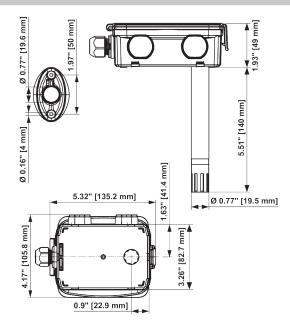
The separate document, BACnet PICS, informs about the PICS, MAC addressing and bus termination (DIP1 & DIP2).



Wiring RS485 BACnet MS/TP



Dimensions



Туре	Probe length	Weight
22DTH-16M	140 mm	0.26 kg
	·	