

Contact temperature sensor

Active contact temperature sensor (4...20 mA) for pipe applications. Spring loaded brass contact pin to ensure fast response and accurate reading. IP65 / NEMA 4X rated enclosure.

Technical data sheet





Type Overview					
	Туре	Output signal active temperature 420 mA			
	22HT-14				
	22111-14		420 IIIA		
Technical Data					
Electrical data	Nominal voltage	DC 24 V			
	Nominal voltage range	DC 13.526.4 V			
	Power consumption DC	0.5 W			
	Electrical connection	Pluggable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.9 mm² Cable gland with strain relief Ø68 mm		x. 2.5	
	Cable entry				
Functional data	Sensor Technology	Based on Pt1000 1/3 DIN			
	Multirange	8 measuring ranges selectable 1x 420 mA, max. load 500 Ω			
	Current output				
	Application	Water			
Measuring data	Measuring values	Temperature			
	Measuring range temperature				
		Active sensor: range selectable Attention: max. measuring temperature is rest by max. fluid temperature (see Safety data)			
				-	
		Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factor settin
		S0	-5050	-30130	
		S1	-10120	0250	
		S2	050	40140	
		S3	0250	30480	
		S4	-1535	0100	
		S5	0100	40240	*
		S6	-2080	4090	
		S7	0160	0150	
	Accuracy temperature active	±0.5°C @ 21°C [±0.9°F @ 70°F]			
	Long-term stability	±0.04°C p.a. @ 21°C [±0.07°F p.a. @ 70°F]			
	Time constant τ (63%) on water pipe	With thermal contact fluid			
		Typical 16 s			
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, black			
	Housing	Cover: Lexan, orange			
		Bottom: Lexan, orange Seal: 0467 NBR70, black UV resistant			
Safety data	Ambient humidity	Max. 95% r.H., non-condensing			
	Ambient temperature	-3550°C	[-30120°F]		



Technical data sneet	22H1-14
Fluid temperature	-3570°C [-30160°F]
Housing surface temperature	Max. 70°C [160°F]
Protection class IEC/EN	III Protective extra-low voltage (PELV)
Protection class UL	UL Class 2 Supply
EU Conformity	CE Marking
Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1
Certification UL	cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9, CAN/CSA E60730-1:02/-2-9
Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65
Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X
Quality Standard	ISO 9001

Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General remarks concerning sensors

When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the sensor - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current.

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (±0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage (±0.2 V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.

If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, this can be done with the following adjustment methods.

- For sensors with NFC or dongle by the corresponding Belimo app
- For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board
- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable

Scope	of c	leliv	erv

Scope of delivery	Description	Туре
	Fixing strap, for pipes up to Ø 40110 mm [1.64.3"]	A-22P-A47

Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Туре	
	Connection adapter, M20x1.5, for cable 1x6 mm, Multipack 10 pcs.	A-22G-A01.1	



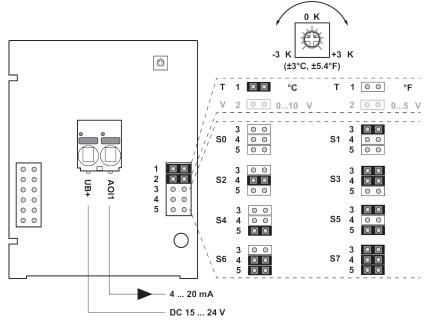




Syringe with thermal paste Fixing strap, for pipes up to Ø 40...250 mm [1.6...9.8"]

A-22P-A44 A-22P-A49

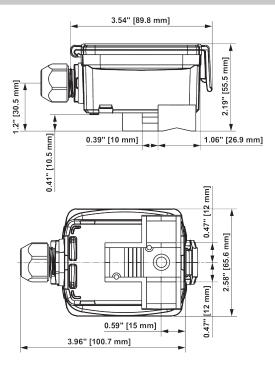
Wiring diagram



The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory setting
S0	-5050	-30130	
S1	-10120	0250	
S2	050	40140	
S3	0250	30480	
S4	-1535	0100	
S5	0100	40240	
S6	-2080	4090	
S7	0160	0150	

Dimensions





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Туре	Weight	
22HT-14	0.15 kg	